

The Sibona Ilanga Trust
(Registration number: IT2222/2011)

Annual Financial Statements
for the year ended 28 February 2022

The Sibona Ilanga Trust

(Registration number: IT2222/2011)

Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2022

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The reports and statements set out below comprise the financial statements presented to the trustee:

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The Sibona Ilanga Trust

(Registration number: IT2222/2011)

Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2022

Trustee's Responsibilities and Approvals

The trustees are responsible for the maintenance of adequate accounting records and the preparation, integrity and fair presentation of the financial statements of the Trust. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-sized Entities and include amounts based on judgements and trust deed and estimates by management.

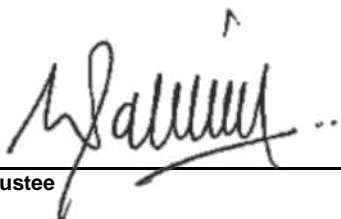
The trustees considered that in preparing the financial statements they have used the most appropriate accounting policies, consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates, and that all International Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-sized Entities that they consider to be applicable have been followed. The Trustees are satisfied that the information contained in financial statements fairly presents the results of operations for the year and the financial position of the Trust at year end. The trustees also prepared the other information included in the trustee report and is responsible for its accuracy and its consistency with the financial statements

The going concern basis has been adopted in preparing the financial statements. The trustees have no reason to believe that the Trust will not be a going concern in the foreseeable future based on forecasts and available cash resources. These financial statements support the viability of the trust.

The financial statements have been audited by the Independent Auditors, Ernst & Young Inc., who were given unrestricted access to all financial records and related data, including minutes of all meetings of the board of trustees. The trustees believe that all representations made to the independent auditors during their audit are valid and appropriate.

The audit report of Ernst & Young Inc. is presented on page 4 to 5.

The financial statements set out on pages 7 to 14 were approved by the trustees on 23 October 2023 and are signed on its behalf by:



Trustee

Cape Town



Trustee

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Trustees of The Sibona Ilanga Trust

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Sibona Ilanga Trust ('the trust') set out on pages 7 to 14, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 28 February 2022, and the statement of comprehensive surplus, statement of changes in reserves and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Sibona Ilanga Trust as at 28 February 2022, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-Sized Entities and the requirements of the Companies Act of South Africa.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the trust in accordance with the Independent Regulatory Board for Auditors' Code of Professional Conduct for Registered Auditors (IRBA Code) and other independence requirements applicable to performing audits of financial statements of the trust and in South Africa. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IRBA Code and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits of the trust and in South Africa. The IRBA Code is consistent with the corresponding sections of the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards). We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the 14-page document titled "The Sibona Ilanga Trust Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2022", which includes the Trustee's Report as required by the Companies Act of South Africa. The other information does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Trustees for Financial Statements

The trustees are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-Sized Entities and the requirements of the Companies Act of South Africa, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting

unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the trust or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

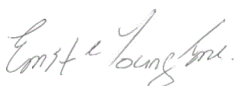
Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the trust's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustees.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the trust's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the trust to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the trustees regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

DocuSigned by:



Ernst & Young Services (Pty) Ltd
Ernst & Young Services (Pty) Ltd

Director - Pierre Du Plessis

Registered Auditor

Chartered Accountant (South Africa)

23 October 2023

Cape Town

The Sibona Ilanga Trust

(Registration number: IT2222/2011)

Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2022

Trustee's Report

The trustees submit their report on the activities of the Trust for the year ended 28 February 2022.

Country of incorporation

The Trust is incorporated in South Africa.

Nature of business

The principal object of the Trust is to carry on public benefit activities within a 50 kilometre radius of the De Aar Solar Project by providing funds and resources to other organisations which are engaged in land reform, enterprise development, energy, education and healthcare activities. The Trust has an effective ownership of 8% of De Aar Solar Power (RF) (Pty) Ltd which is the entity that owns the De Aar Solar Project. The Trust's holding in the solar project is through a wholly-owned special purpose entity called Rebuna Litsatsi De Aar Renewable Energy Company (RF) (Pty) Ltd.

Financial Results

The results of the Trust are clearly set out in the accompanying financial statements.

Trustee and secretary

The trustees of the Trust during the financial period and at the date of this report are as follows:

NA Gabriel (Chairman)

MT Green-Thompson

AL Musialek

HT Radebe

RH Adam-Beukes (resigned May 2021)

Trust secretarial work is performed by Kilgetty Statutory Services (Pty) Ltd.

Registered Office

Business and Postal address

5th Floor, Unit 5a

Sunclare Building

21 Dreyer Street

Claremont

7708

South Africa

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, since the trustees have every reason to believe that the Trust has adequate resources in place to continue in operation for the foreseeable future.

Audited financial statements

The financial statements have been audited in terms of clause 38 of the Trust Deed.

Events after reporting date

The trustee is not aware of any matter or circumstance arising since the end of the financial period, not otherwise dealt with in the financial statements, which significantly affects the financial position of the Trust or the results of its operations.

Preparation of the financial statements

These financial statements have been audited by our external auditor Ernst & Young Inc. in compliance with the applicable requirements of the Trust Deed. They were prepared by Tasneem Edwards, CA (SA).

The Sibona Ilanga Trust

(Registration number: IT2222/2011)

Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2022

Statement of Financial Position as at 28 February 2022

	Notes	<u>R</u> <u>2022</u>	<u>R</u> <u>2021</u>
Assets			
Non - Current Assets			
Investment	5	1,000	1,000
Plant and equipment	4	912,226	101,890
		<u>913,226</u>	<u>102,890</u>
Current Assets			
Trade and other receivables	6	1,170,356	479,314
Cash and cash equivalent	7	24,024,292	20,119,473
		<u>25,194,648</u>	<u>20,598,787</u>
Total Assets		<u><u>26,107,874</u></u>	<u><u>20,701,677</u></u>
Capital and reserves			
Trust capital	8	100	100
Accumulated surplus / (deficit)		23,682,331	20,147,107
		<u>23,682,431</u>	<u>20,147,207</u>
Current Liabilities			
Trade Payables and other payables	9	2,425,443	554,470
		<u>2,425,443</u>	<u>554,470</u>
Total Liabilities		<u>2,425,443</u>	<u>554,470</u>
Total Reserves and Liabilities		<u><u>26,107,874</u></u>	<u><u>20,701,677</u></u>

The Sibona Ilanga Trust

(Registration number: IT2222/2011)

Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2022

Statement of Comprehensive Surplus for the year ended 28 February 2022

	Notes	<u>R</u> <u>2022</u>	<u>R</u> <u>2021</u>
Dividends income	10	13,500,000	11,638,500
Recovery of costs		5,522,653	3,349,797
Operating costs	11	(9,731,571)	(5,926,828)
Grant funding		(6,354,220)	(8,505,887)
Operating surplus for the year		2,936,862	555,582
Interest income		598,362	360,750
Surplus before taxation		3,535,224	916,332
Taxation	12	-	-
Surplus for the year		3,535,224	916,332

The Sibona Ilanga Trust

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Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2022

Statement of Changes in Reserves for the period ended 28 February 2022

	R	R	R
	Trust Capital	Accumulated Profit/(Loss)	Total
Balance at 1 March 2020 restated	100	19,230,775	19,230,875
Surplus for the year	-	916,332	916,332
Balance at 1 March 2021 restated	100	20,147,107	20,147,207
Surplus for the year	-	3,535,224	3,535,224
Balance at 28 February 2022	100	23,682,331	23,682,431

Note(s)

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The Sibona Ilanga Trust

(Registration number: IT2222/2011)

Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2022

Statement of Cash Flows for the period ended 28 February 2022

	Notes	<u>R</u> <u>2022</u>	<u>R</u> <u>2021</u>
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated by operations	13	(9,275,763)	(4,281,004)
Interest received		598,362	360,750
Net cash outflow from operating activities		(8,677,401)	(3,920,254)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Acquisition of PPE		(937,540)	(49,349)
Disposal of PPE		19,760	-
Dividends received		13,500,000	11,638,500
Net cash inflow from investing activities		12,582,220	11,589,151
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents for the year		3,904,819	7,668,897
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		20,119,473	12,450,576
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	7	24,024,292	20,119,473

The Sibona Ilanga Trust

(Registration number: IT2222/2011)

Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2022

Accounting Policies

1 Accounting policies

The annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-sized entities issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and the Companies Act 71 of 2008. They are presented in South African Rands.

1.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with and comply with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-sized entities. The financial statements have been prepared on the historical basis and incorporate the policies as set out below.

1.2 Investments in associates

IFRS for SME's allows for investments in associates to be accounted for on the cost model, equity method and fair value model. The entity accounts for its investment on the cost model.

The investment is recorded at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Dividend income from investments in associates is recognised as Dividend Income when the entity's right to receive payment has been established.

1.3 Plant and equipment

Initial recognition

The cost of an item of plant and equipment is recognised as an asset when:

- it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company, and
- the cost of the items can be measured reliably.

Plant and equipment is initially measured at cost.

Costs include costs incurred initially to acquire or construct an item of plant and equipment and costs incurred subsequently to add to, replace part of, or service it. If a replacement is recognised in the carrying amount of an item of plant and equipment, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

Subsequent measurement

Plant and equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses.

The residual value, useful life and depreciation method of each asset are reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight line method over the useful life of the asset. The depreciation charge for each period is recognised in profit or loss unless it is included in the carrying amount of another asset.

Derecognition

The gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of plant and equipment is included in profit or loss when the item is derecognised.

The gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount of the item.

1.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, demand deposits and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. These are initially and subsequently recorded at fair value.

1.5 Taxation

The Trust is a registered Public Benefit Organisation (PBO) for tax purposes. This status provides for the exemption from normal tax of certain receipts and accruals.

2. Changes in accounting policies

No changes to the accounting policies were identified and the comparative information has accordingly remained unchanged since the prior reporting period.

3. Use of estimates and judgements in the preparation of annual financial statements

In the preparation of the annual financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported income, expenses, assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Use of available information and the application of judgement is inherent in the formation of estimates. Actual results in the future could differ from these estimates, which may be material to the financial statements within the next financial period.

Depreciation rates

- | | |
|--|---------|
| - Computer equipment | 3 years |
| - Office equipment and office machines | 5 years |

The Sibona Ilanga Trust

(Registration number: IT2222/2011)

Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2022

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

4 PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	2021			2022		
	Cost / Valuation	Accumulated depreciation	Carrying value	Cost / Valuation	Accumulated depreciation	Carrying value
Furniture and Fittings	-	-	-	830,358	(55,174)	775,184
Computer Equipment	168,219	(66,328)	101,891	274,193	(137,151)	137,042
Total	168,219	(66,328)	101,891	1,104,551	(192,325)	912,226

Reconciliation of fixed assets - 2021

	Opening balance	Accumulated depreciation	Additions	Disposals	Total
Furniture and Fittings	-	-	-	-	-
Computer Equipment	52,542	(53,962)	103,311	-	101,891
Total	52,542	(53,962)	103,311	-	101,891

Reconciliation of fixed assets - 2022

	Opening balance	Accumulated depreciation	Additions	Disposals	Total
Furniture and Fittings	-	(55,174)	830,358	-	775,184
Computer Equipment	101,891	(70,823)	130,066	(24,091)	137,042
Total	101,891	(125,997)	960,423	(24,091)	912,226

5 INVESTMENT

	R 2022	R 2021
Cost	1,000	1,000
	1,000	1,000

The Trust has a 100% shareholding in a special purpose entity called Rebuna Litsatsi De Aar Renewable Energy Company (RF) (Pty) Ltd. This company in turn owns 8% of De Aar Solar Power (RF) (Pty) Ltd.

The investment in the operating entity is carried at cost in terms of the entity's accounting policies. At the end of each reporting period, an entity is required to assess whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired (i.e. its carrying amount may be higher than its recoverable amount). The investments value in use will be determined by the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived and any impairments will be recognised through profit and loss.

6 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Trust capital receivable	100	100
Prepayments	115,225	156,047
Trade receivable	1,055,031	323,167
	1,170,356	479,314

All receivables are classified at amortised cost in terms of IFRS 9.

7 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT

Cash at bank	24,024,292	20,119,473
	24,024,292	20,119,473

A credit card facility of R60,000.00 has been made available by ABSA to the trust. All cash and cash equivalent balances, as recorded, approximate fair value.

8 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTION

Trust Capital	100	100
	100	100

A contribution to Trust capital was made by De Aar Solar Power (RF) (Pty) Ltd.

9 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Trade payables	2,215,596	392,790
SARS employee tax	139,497	105,116
Accrued expenses	70,350	56,564
	2,425,443	554,470

10 DIVIDEND INCOME

Income for the Trust is in the form of Dividends received from the Rebuna Litsatsi De Aar Renewable Energy Company (RF) (Pty) Ltd. The Trust received R13,500,000 as dividend income; R7,000,000 in August 2021 and R8,000,000 in January 2022.

The Sibona Ilanga Trust

(Registration number: IT2222/2011)

Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2022

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

	<u>R</u> <u>2022</u>	<u>R</u> <u>2021</u>
11 OPERATING COSTS		
Operating costs include the following:		
Audit fees - Current year	60,000	54,050
Audit fees - Prior year overprovision	-	(11,500)
Depreciation	141,388	53,962
Legal fees	6,340	2,040
Consulting Fees	86,550	6,700
Salaries	5,807,212	4,383,577
Travel and Accommodation	1,296,339	376,588
12 TAXATION		
The Trust is a registered Public Benefit Organisation (PBO) for tax purposes. This status provides for the exemption from normal tax of certain receipts and accruals.		
13 CASH GENERATED BY OPERATIONS		
Comprehensive profit/(loss) before taxation	3,535,224	916,332
Adjustments for:		
Interest income	(598,362)	(360,750)
Depreciation	141,388	-
Loss on equipment	(11,060)	-
Dividend income	(13,500,000)	(11,638,500)
Changes in working capital:		
(Decrease) / Increase in trade and other payables	1,870,972	(724,126)
Unpaid acquisition of PPE	(22,884)	-
(Increase) in trade and other receivables	(691,041)	7,526,040
	<u>(9,275,763)</u>	<u>(4,281,004)</u>

14 RELATED PARTIES

Related party relationships

Principal donor	De Aar Solar Power (RF) (Pty) Ltd
Investee company	Rebuna Letsatsi De Aar Renewable Energy Company (RF) (Pty) Ltd
Entity managed by the trust	Letsatsi Borutho Trust
Entity managed by the trust	Amandla Omoya Trust
Via key management personnel*	Jeffreys Bay Renewable Energy Company (Rf) (Pty) Ltd
Via key management personnel*	Droogfontein Renewable Energy Company (RF) (Pty) Ltd

* - no related party transactions took place between the entities for the year

Related party transactions

Shared costs recharges - Letsatsi Borutho Trust	2,289,776	1,956,707
Shared costs recharges - Amandla Omoya Trust	3,232,877	1,390,790
Shared costs recharges - Rebuna Letsatsi De Aar Renewable Energy Company (RF) (Pty) Ltd	-	550
Shared costs recharges - Jeffreys Bay Renewable Energy Company (Rf) (Pty) Ltd	-	550
Shared costs recharges - Droogfontein Renewable Energy Company (RF) (Pty) Ltd	-	550
Trust capital - Principal Donor	-	100
Dividend income - Dividend declared by investee company	13,500,000	11,638,500

Related party balances

Accounts receivable - Letsatsi Borutho Trust	437,127	134,067
Accounts receivable - Amandla Omoya Trust	617,813	187,450
Other receivable - Principal Donor	100	100

15 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Capital risk

The Trust manages its capital to ensure that the entity will be able to continue as a going concern. The capital structure of the Trust consists of equity attributable to the Trust, comprising a donation to Trust capital and retained earnings as disclosed in the statement of changes in equity.

The trustees will review the capital structure on an annual basis. As a part of this review, the trustees consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital.

The Sibona Ilanga Trust

(Registration number: IT2222/2011)

Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2022

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements (continued)

15 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Credit risk management

Potential concentrations of credit risk consist mainly of investments and intercompany loans. At the end of the period the trustee did not consider there to be any significant concentration of credit risk which had not been adequately provided for.

Foreign exchange risk management

The trustee does not incur any expenses or receive any income in a foreign currency. There are no foreign currency balances at the period end.

Fair value of financial instruments

The carrying amounts of the financial assets and liabilities reported in the statement of financial position approximate fair value at the end of the period.

Interest rate risk management

As the Trust has no significant interest-bearing assets, the Trust's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in the market interest rates.

Liquidity risk management

The Trust manages liquidity risk through ongoing review of future commitments and credit facilities.

	Interest rate %	Year 1 R	Year 2-5 R	Over 5 years R	Total R
2022					
Assets					
Trade and other receivables	Interest Free	1,170,356	-	-	1,170,356
		1,170,356	-	-	1,170,356
Liabilities					
Trade and other payables	Interest Free	2,425,443	-	-	2,425,443
		2,425,443	-	-	2,425,443
2021					
Assets					
Trade and other receivables	Interest Free	479,314	-	-	479,314
		479,314	-	-	479,314
Liabilities					
Trade and other payables	Interest Free	554,470	-	-	554,470
		554,470	-	-	554,470
				R	R
				2022	2021

16 TRUSTEE EMOLUMENTS

NA Gabriel (Chairman)	39,096	37,610
MT Green-Thompson	39,096	37,610
HT Radebe	-	-
AL Musialek	39,096	37,610
RH Adam Beukes	9,660	37,610

17 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There were no significant events requiring the adjustment of the financial statements after the reporting date, being 28 February 2022, to the date of approval of the financial statements.

18 GOING CONCERN

The annual financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies applicable to a going concern. This basis presumes that funds will be available to finance future operations and that the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities, contingent obligations and

The Trust receives dividends from the ultimate investee company, De Aar Solar Power (RF) (Pty) Ltd. The ultimate investee company entered into a 20 year Power Purchase Agreement with Eskom of which approximately 12 years remain. Management of the investee company have prepared a cash flow forecast for the next twelve months which indicate that the company will generate sufficient profits to pay distributions to shareholders. The sole trade debtor, Eskom Holdings (SOC) Limited, ("Eskom"), of the ultimate investee company is a state owned entity. The Purchasing Power Agreement also makes provision in the event that Eskom defaults on payment, the National Treasury will settle the outstanding debt. As the amounts owing by Eskom have been guaranteed by a governmental agency, all amounts owing by Eskom are No material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the ability of the company to continue as a going concern have been identified.

The financial statements have therefore been prepared on the going concern basis as the directors have every reason to believe that the company has adequate resources in place to continue in operation for the foreseeable future.